## **Capital Budgeting Problems: A parameterized point of view**

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**Abstract** A fundamental financial problem is budgeting. A firm is given a set of financial instruments  $X = \{x_1, ..., x_n\}$  over a number of time periods *T*. Every instrument  $x_i$  has a return of  $r_i$  and for time period t = 1, ..., T a price of  $p_{t,i}$ . Further for every time period *t* there is budget  $b_t$ . The task is to choose a portfolio X' from *X* such that for every time period t = 1, ..., T the prices of the portfolio do not exceed the budget  $b_t$  and the return of the portfolio is maximized. We study the fixed-parameter tractability of the problem. For a lot of small parameter values we obtain efficient solutions for the capital budgeting problem. We also consider the connection to pseudo-polynomial algorithms.

## **1** Introduction

Capital budgeting can be regarded as a tool for maximizing a companys profit since most companies are able to manage only a limited number of projects at the same time. Capital budgeting problems have been introduced in [13] and [14]. See [16] for a survey on capital budgeting problems.

From a computational point of view the MAX MULTI-PERIOD CAPITAL BUD-GETING is intractable. Since the problem is defined on inputs of various informations, in this paper we consider the fixed-parameter tractability for several parameterized versions of the problem. The idea behind fixed-parameter tractability is to split the complexity into two parts - one part that depends purely on the size of the input, and one part that depends on some *parameter* of the problem that tends to

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be small in practice. We also address the connection between these problems and pseudo-polynomial algorithms.

In this paper we use standard definitions for parameterized algorithms and pseudo-polynomial algorithms from the textbooks [1, 7, 8].

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